Response/Amendment dated February 22, 2006

Response to Office Action dated December 15, 2005

REMARKS/ARGUMENTS

Claims 45-100 are pending in the application. Claims 45-100 are rejected. Claims 59

and 93 are objected to. The Applicants have amended claims 59 and 93 to fix the informalities.

No new matter has been introduced into the application. As explained in more detail below,

Applicants submit that all claims are in condition for allowance and respectfully request such

action.

Claim Objections

Claim 93 is objected to because the listing of the claims provides two claims numbered as

"93". The Applicants thank the Examiner for noticing this inadvertent typographical error.

Appropriate correction has been made to renumber the 2nd claim 93 to read claim 94.

Claim 59 is objected to because the claim contains the limitation "hierarchically

simultaneously transmitted data streams". The Applicants have amended the claim to recite

"hierarchically modulated simultaneously transmitted data streams" as suggested by the

Examiner.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

Claims 45-100 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(e) as allegedly being anticipated by

U.S. Pat. No. 5,987,518 to Gotwald ("the '518 patent"). The Applicants respectfully request

reconsideration in view of the Remarks below.

The Office Action alleges the '518 patent teaches hierarchically modulated

simultaneously transmitted data streams as recited in context of claims 45 - 100. More

specifically, the Office Action asserts Figure 2 of the '518 patent 'indicates that the MPEG2

data, IP data, and MPEG2 control messages are prioritized in the priority modules 48, 50, and

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52, respectively, and are transmitted simultaneously after being multiplexed and modulated by MPEG2 Multiplexing Driver 56 and Modulator 62." (Office Action dated December 14, 2005, page 2, emphasis added) The Applicants respectfully disagree that the MPEG2, data IP data, and MPEG2 control messages are transmitted simultaneously in a plurality of hierarchically modulated simultaneously transmitted data streams which respectively have a different priority assigned to the contents therein corresponding to a particular class of the content.

First, as recognized by the Office Action, each of the three data types are "prioritized" by three separate and distinct priority modules (see, e.g., Col. 4, lines 24 - 27, 32 - 37, and 39 - 42) Therefore, the three categories are not prioritized among each other at the priority modules, but rather prioritized only within a selected protocol. The specification of the '518 patent continues to state that the prioritizing queuing is described in greater detail in connection with Figs 4 and 5 (see Col. 4, lines 25 - 28 and 34 - 36).

Figure 4 illustrates priority queuing using priority module 48 as an example before entering the multiplexing driver. As explicitly stated, "[e]ach message that enters the MPEG2 multiplexing driver (FIG. 2) has an associated priority assigned to it." (Col. 5, lines 60 - 1) Thus, the only prioritizing is performed within the priority module and not afterwards, for example, at the multiplexing driver. In fact, as set forth in the '518 patent:

The driver processes the queue from head (FIFO 108) to tail (FIFO 100). Messages with the <u>same priority</u> are processed in a <u>first-in first-out manner</u>. Each FIFO represents a different priority level, with the highest priority being assigned to the head FIFO 108 and the lowest priority (priority band 0) associated with the tail FIFO 100.

(Col. 5, lines 62 - 67, emphasis added). The queues are then transmitted through a single broadband channel. (see Col. 3, lines 2-3, 51-53, and Fig. 1, item 16) Therefore, according to

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the text cited by the Office Action, the data is only prioritized among that individual protocol type (i.e., MPEG2 data, IP data, and MPEG2 control messages) and then broadcast in a high to low priority, where those of the same priority are broadcast in a first in – first out manner across a single broadcast channel. Therefore, there can be no hierarchically modulated simultaneously transmitted data streams which respectively have a different priority assigned to the contents therein corresponding to a particular class of the content, for example, as recited in claims 45, 50, 56, and 59.

Exemplary embodiments having the claimed feature can be seen in Fig. 3 of the present application, where hierarchically modulated simultaneously transmitted data streams (24 and 26) are shown. Splitter 22 identifies the priority assigned to the contents of incoming packets and passes them to the appropriate stream (24 or 26) for transmission by the transmitter 11. (Specification, page 9, paragraph 0028) In the illustrated example, 24 is a high priority stream and 26 is a low priority stream, each being simultaneously transmitted.

Further, Figure 2 more readily illustrates one embodiment of hierarchical modulation that may be utilized in achieving the simultaneous transmission, for example, in the DVB-T standard. As described in the Substitute Specification, a MPEG-2 bit stream can be split into two parts, such as a high priority (HP) stream and a low priority (LP) stream, "both of which are transmitted simultaneously." (See paragraph 0022). A bit sequence of the data which modulates the HP stream is used to select quadrant 31 of the constellation diagram shown in Figure 2, whereas the bit sequence of the data which modulates the LP stream only selects a particular constellation point 33. By utilizing this modulation scheme, different data streams can be sent simultaneously without multiplexing. In contrast, as discussed above, Gotwald merely discusses

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multiplexing of data, which is a less efficient process where data is taken from different streams

and sent in a sequential order, but not simultaneously.

Moreover, as shown in Figure 4, unlike merely prioritizing MPEG2 data, IP data,

MPEG2 control messages, or other distinct information by the protocol, aspects of the invention

allow the prioritization of data within these protocols, such as text, graphics, data files, email and

video. For at least these reasons, the Applicants respectfully submit that the '518 patent does not

teach, suggest, or otherwise disclose the subject matter of claims 45 - 100.

CONCLUSION

All rejections having been addressed, applicant respectfully submits that the instant

application is in condition for allowance, and respectfully solicits prompt notification of the

same. Should the Examiner have any questions, the Examiner is invited to contact the

undersigned at the number set forth below.

Applicant believes there is no fee due in association with the filing of this response,

however, should there be any fees due the Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any such

fees or credit any overpayment of fees to Deposit Account No. 19-0733.

Respectfully submitted,

BANNER & WITCOFF, LTD.

Dated: February 22, 2006

By: \$1___

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